

THE DEFENSE RESTS ITS CASE.

Court Adjourns in the Duestrow
Inquiry Until Monday.

DR. J. K. BAUDUY TESTIFIES.

The Defendant Makes No Attempt to
Create a Scene in the
Court-Room.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

UNION, Mo., May 4.—The last expert of the defense went on the stand this morning in the person of Dr. J. K. Bauduy, the well-known St. Louis neurologist. He has been held in reserve by Gov. Johnson because of his reputation and the unusual amount of care and study he has expended upon the case. It has been a hope of the defense that by the testimony of Dr. Bauduy they could win their case out in a blaze of glory in a grand-stand trial, so to speak.

Dr. Bauduy's testimony at first related to his qualifications for expert testimony. He related his years of experience and mildly remarked that he thought he knew something about the subject. He then, without further questioning from Gov. Johnson, went on to tell how at Attorney Johnson's request he had examined Duestrow. He had been violently prejudiced against Duestrow, owing to newspaper reports of the crime. He studied him carefully for a long time and always under the impression that the man was shamming. He understood the motive of the defendant for simulation and he accordingly tested him with every possible means at his command.

For weeks and weeks he kept up these efforts to unmask him without success. He knew that if his insanity was real it must develop along certain particular lines according to the distinctive form of the defendant's insanity, which came to the witness through Dr. John H. Simon, who had been asked by Dr. Bauduy to watch the defendant. This was the photograph of Duestrow and concomitantly with this came the auditory hallucinations and the nature of the insanity began to take shape.

The witness questioned the defendant on these hallucinations. He asked that he said "they" spoke to him. "They" was characteristic. The fact that these hallucinations were of so vulgar a nature Dr. Bauduy thought was also additional evidence of insanity. About this time there was an outburst of hysterical delirium.

THE AGE INFLUENCES DELUSIONS. To the physician's eye there is a photograph of the present day. Insane people of to-day talk about photographs, telephones and mechanical contrivances. In other ages it would have been politics, religion, science or whatever was the fashion of the day. This, therefore, in Duestrow attracted the attention of an experienced physician.

The witness went on to detail the delusions which continued to increase in number and change in form until they became eventually a delirium. He gave the testimony that on Monday his wife and child were brought into court, and that Duestrow consented not to testify, but on this condition only.

Now, should Duestrow make a scene in court, the State could claim that he did so because of his insanity. He was a witness in the evidence and because of his desire to complete a clinical picture which would do it. Duestrow treated him as a fool instead of realizing that he was a fool himself. Witness said he told him to quit his nonsense and help Gov. Johnson all he could with his case, but without influence.

One night in November, in the presence of his son, Keating Bauduy, and Dr. Simon, the witness asked Duestrow to write. If he were not coaching Duestrow, the Governor said such a question was absurd. The witness asked him to write up his own possible method of clearing up his mind. It was not until the middle of November that witness finally diagnosed the case as one of paranoia.

Dr. Bauduy declared that Duestrow's paranoia was an acute type, but that it had been made up particularly to suit Duestrow's case. Dr. Bauduy told of his visit to the jail last night and described the scene given elsewhere in these dispatches. Duestrow was very fretful during this part of the examination. He kept scribbling away at some writing on the table and looked angry and disturbed.

Dr. Bauduy's direct examination was finished before 10 o'clock. Before his cross-examination by Judge Hirschel of three witnesses of habeas corpus for the witness was interrupted by the defense. They are Leonard Strauss, one McGilroy, both in the work-house, and George Parker, in the jail.

On cross-examination, Dr. Bauduy testified that he had only received \$100. Although he thought more was due him, he was afraid that he would not get it, owing to the uncertain condition of Duestrow's affairs.

"Don't you really think you will get any more?" asked Mr. Meriwether. "I don't know, but if Dr. Bernays gets his \$15,000 and the lawyers, who always take care of themselves, get their fees, I'm afraid there won't be much left for us."

Dr. Bauduy was asked as to an expression in his book to the effect that "No medical expert should ever prostitute his calling by having any interest, financial or otherwise, in any case."

He identified it as being his, but declared that he did not think his receiving \$1,000 gave him any such interest. He was simply taking a salary. A salary \$1,000, which makes any difference to him. A man could not be biased as to the truth. He did not believe that all the money in the world could bias him where truth and honor were involved.

There were no witnesses for the defense of habeas corpus. The case was adjourned until Monday, the defense resting. Most of the witnesses and attorneys left for St. Louis on the 12:30 train.

THE DEFENSE RESTS. The three witnesses for whom the writ of habeas corpus was issued are to be brought here to rebut some expected evidence on the part of the State's experts. The experts for the defense have been steadily asked if they have observed the defendant at night. They have not done so, they, therefore, argue that the State's experts must have. In order to keep up their fences they want prisoners next to Duestrow produced that the exact methods used may be brought out.

Gov. Johnson is quite indignant over what he characterizes as "disgraceful methods."

THE STATE JUBILANT. No night session was held last night by Judge Hirschel.

The case of the defense was all but finished yesterday with the testimony of Dr. Bauduy. Dr. Bauduy, who went on to-day, being the only expert left.

Experts for the State claim that the evidence of the experts for the defense, has suffered more from cross-examination by the State's attorneys than it did from the previous trial. The State holds that it has scored an important point by drawing from the experts for the defense a confession that they cannot systematize all the delusions apparently in Duestrow's brain.

The connection is there, the defendant's experts say, but they have simply been unable to find it.

The experts for the defense have already insisted strenuously that the chain of logic must be complete, and that there fore a shammer could not simulate paranoia without the most thorough knowledge of its intricacies.

The experts for the State do not so strongly insist that Duestrow is not insane as they do that he is not a shammer. They claim that on the defense's evidence so far adduced they will be able to clearly show either that he is a shammer or that he is some other form of mental melancholy.

DUESTROW WANTED TO TESTIFY. The night of the trial, the defendant would be put on the stand received a new turn last night. He raised a scene at the jail during the evening and declared that he would go on the stand and show the motive of the defendant for simulation.

Gov. Johnson called at the jail during the evening and found his client in a very excited frame of mind. He was extremely indignant at Dr. Bremer, whose testimony he characterized as slanderous. He declared that he would go on the stand and show the motive of the defendant for simulation.

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EAST ST. LOUIS.

The case against Grant Morton and the inmates of his disreputable home on Duane street was to have come up in Justice Wilson's Court Saturday morning but another continuance was secured until May 11.

The St. Clair County Teachers' Association will hold their quarterly meeting at Freeborn.

But for the rare presence of mind of Mrs. Loftus her home at 128 North A street and the neighboring residences would have been destroyed by fire Friday night. Mrs. Loftus was preparing supper and had just lit the gas stove when it exploded throwing the burning oil in all directions. Mrs. Loftus did not become frightened. She picked up the stove threw it from the window and then picking up a blanket smothered the fire. In the meantime an alarm had been turned on but when the engines arrived the danger was over.

The funeral of the little daughter of Ed Carroll took place Saturday afternoon at Mr. Carroll's home.

The Brinkman Social Club was organized Friday night and J. P. Alwright was made president.

Dan Crafon was arrested for failing to turn over money that he collected for the St. Louis Sewing Machine company. He was held in 1800 bonds.

Mrs. Margaret O'Neill and Edward Kerins were married in St. Louis Friday.

A picnic party composed of Misses Hattie Walsh, Maggie Black, Mary Ann Walsh, Emma, Walter, Sidney, John, Pidgeon, John, McCarthy, Thos. Pease and James, was given at the Mollenbreck's Park Sunday on a fishing excursion.

A meeting to adjust claims against the I. O. O. F. celebration was held Friday night by the local committee.

The one topic of conversation here to-day is the late scandal in New York City. It is a scandal that has excited the public mind.

When the late scandal in New York City was touched upon, in the course of conversation, Mrs. Rejane said the beautiful life is a sweet morsel only its end is bitter.

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ME. SANS-GENE.

Rejane Is the Character Both on
and Off the Stage.

To see Rejane on the stage and off is to see two different beings.

The reporter, whom the French actress received in her apartments at the St. Nicholas, had never seen her before in the play. Consequently, his mind could not have been impressed with the stage Mme. Sans-Gené, and there could have been no reflex action. It was rather the reverse. When he found himself ushered into her presence, he saw a rather dowdy-dressed woman, with a slim figure, almost, when the features are analyzed, in conversation, she is delightfully natural. Just as on the stage, and she uses gestures just as freely.

Mme. Rejane talked about America in a way that drew an American crowd to hear. She is charmed with American audiences, and says that New York people understand the French play even better than English audiences. In fact, that a New York audience is the most satisfactory public to play to outside of her own France.

Mme. Rejane has just come from New Orleans, the French town of America. The American woman, Mme. Rejane, considers almost equal to the French woman in beauty, wit, vivacity, taste in dress and chic. "Ah, elle est si aimable, si jolie, si charmante, si intelligente," exclaimed the little actress, who has been in the city for some time.

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SUSPECTED OF
TRAIN ROBBERY.

Three Men Arrested for the Chi-
cago & Alton Hold-Up.

ONE PARTLY IDENTIFIED.

Ben Myers, Jack Frost and Ed Bryant,
the Alleged Robbers, in Jail
at Carlinville.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

CARLINVILLE, Ill., May 4.—A secret investigation conducted by the C. & A. detective, a Pinkerton man and Sheriff Davenport, relative to the Alton train hold-up of Tuesday night culminated in the arrest of Ben Myers, a stone cutter by trade, residing here, and Jack Frost and Ed Bryant, of Burrage, of Carlinville county.

Myers, it is claimed, answered the description of the man who guarded the rear end of the train when the rifle and claimed he was a hunter. Yesterday afternoon the detective placed him under arrest and after he was released, last night he was followed to the home of Jas. Creamer, version, northeast of Carlinville, where he lived and also where Frost and Bryant were visiting. At daybreak they were arrested and taken to the county jail.

Myers is 19 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches tall, with a fair complexion, and a railroad brakeman. Bryant is 18 years of age, stout build, fair complexion, and a railroad brakeman. Myers is a very heavy build and is about 40 years of age. They will have their hearing today at the coroner's inquest, which has been in session for three days. All the trainmen will arrive this evening. Myers was identified by part of them yesterday, which caused his arrest.

CRIMINAL BRIEFS.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 4.—Gov. Stone has pardoned Henry Dicks from Boone County, serving three years; Dan Jordan of Jackson County, eight years; J. M. Mial, from Boone County, two years, who are sick. The last named is nearly dead with consumption.

St. Louis, Mo., May 4.—George Mills was hanged for the murder of his 18-year-old niece, Iona Wimberly, in this county last June.

WITH A DIPPER.

Mr. Cleveland Was Struck by His Colored Man.

Fred Williams, colored, was fined \$100 in the First District Police Court on a charge of disturbing the peace. The evidence showed that the trouble grew out of a futile attempt to collect wages due him by his employer, Parker L. Cleveland, who with his wife conducts a boarding house at 214 Cherokee street.

Friday afternoon he said he asked Mr. Cleveland to give him a little money with which to pay his laundry bill. He was nearly \$10 due him. Mr. Cleveland refused to accede to his request and is said to have threatened to put Williams out of the house. If he asked him for money again. Williams repeated his request, whereupon Cleveland advanced toward him in a threatening manner. Williams saw he was in a threatening position. He picked up a heavy tin dipper, and as Cleveland advanced toward him, he struck him over the head with it, inflicting a severe scalp wound.

OFFICERS INSTALLED.

The Commercial Travelers of Missouri Close Their Session.

SEDALIA, Mo., May 4.—The Grand Council of the United Commercial Travelers of Missouri closed its business session this morning.

Last night officers for the year were elected as follows: Grand Councilor, F. L. Tracy, Chillicothe, Mo.; Junior Grand Councilor, A. S. Forker, Kansas City, Mo.; Grand Secretary, F. J. Gould, Chillicothe, Mo.; Grand Treasurer, D. H. Haff, Hannibal, Mo.; Grand Conductor, W. W. Herndon, Sedalia, Mo.; Grand Page, S. S. Morris, St. Louis, Grand Sentinel, J. D. Seibel, Hannibal, Mo.

The Executive Committee for the ensuing two years is C. W. Hardman of St. Joseph and H. P. Campbell, Joplin.

The new officers were installed this morning. During the afternoon the visitors were driven over the city in carriages and shown the points of interest. The Council will close to-night with a banquet.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKETS.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 4.—Official members of the Government party say that confederation with Canada is dead and that the only alternative is to accept the position of a crown colony.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Mrs. John W. Macfarland arrived from Europe to-day, on the advice of physicians, who said a voyage would greatly relieve her asthma.

FARIS, France, May 4.—A dispatch from Manly, Island of Madagascar, says that the French forces have carried an important Hova position on the Betalaka River.

BERKELEY, May 4.—The British steamer H. M. S. Captain, which arrived May 2 from Manila, reports that on April 23 she sighted the burned derelict bark Guilding, Capt. Hubert, from Darlen, March 29.

MARSHALL, Ill., May 4.—Mrs. J. J. Sewell, wife of J. J. Sewell of the Marshall, who is now confined by a lingering illness, from a cancer.

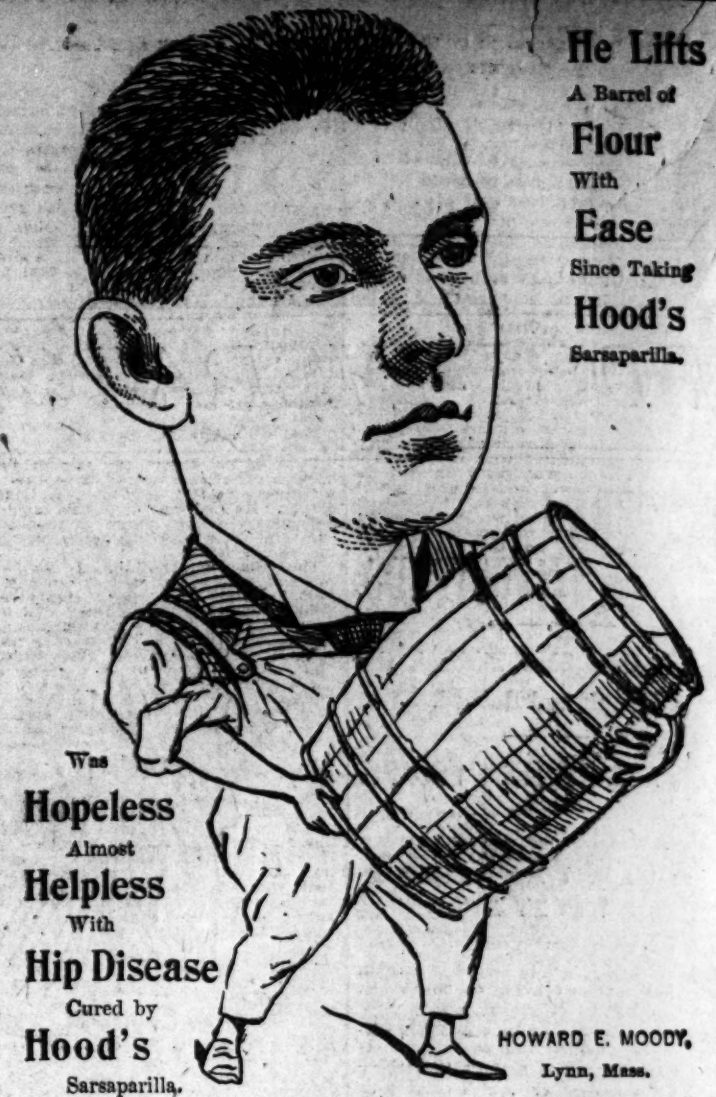
NEW YORK, May 4.—Arrived: Paris from London.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., May 4.—Conductor Link, who for some time has run freight trains on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad between Nashville and Henderson, has his life crushed out while endeavoring to couple cars.

LONDON, May 4.—Lady Kimberly, wife of the Earl of Kimberley, died of a heart attack. She was a daughter of Lord Alfred Herbert, third Earl of Clare, a title which is now extinct, and was married to the Earl of Kimberley in 1871.

OSWEGO, N. Y., May 4.—Capt. Thomas Dodge, former vessel owner, and widely known along the lake, died to-day, aged 80 years.

St. Louis Drummer Married.



HOWARD E. MOODY, Lynn, Mass.

Among the many miraculous cures so low that he would cut nothing, and one doctor said there was no chance for him. He would lay for days and days, and not notice anything. "One day, a paper recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla was left at our door. We decided to try this medicine. Howard commenced taking the Sarsaparilla the last of February, after having been sick for a year and a half. He hadn't taken a week before I saw that his Appetite began to improve, and then he gained rapidly. "I gave him five bottles without any interval, at the end of which time (in December) the sores were all healed and he never broke out again. The crutches he had used for four years were laid aside, as he had no further use for them. I give all the credit to Hood's Sarsaparilla." The above picture was taken two years ago, since which he has greatly increased in physical development. He is now 21 years of age and weighs 185 pounds. Although the youngest of a club of twenty-six young men, the circumference of his arm, when the muscle is expanded, is an inch in excess of his fellow members. As a clerk in a grocery store, he lifts a barrel before he could get well. He became The above and other Cures enable us to Truthfully Say

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is the Only True Blood Purifier Prominently in the Public Eye Today.

A Light Hearted Laundress

—she's so because her work is shortened and better. She's learned the secret—the use of



It's a saver of labor, time and money.

Kingsford's Osw

LEGAL

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, April Term, 1890.
Saturday, April 27th, 1890—Dora Vorhauer vs. (1st June Term) Conrad Vorhauer. It appearing to the Court from the affidavit this day filed by the plaintiff, that she is the wife of the defendant, and that they are living together as man and wife, the Court ordered that the writ of habeas corpus be granted to the plaintiff, and that she be restored to her husband.

The defendant is not now a resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of the plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that the said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him and that he is required to appear and answer the complaint and to defend generally under of which is to obtain a decree dissolving from the bonds of matrimony existing between the parties hereto, upon the grounds that defendant has offered plaintiff indignities rendering her condition intolerable, cruel and barbarous treatment and that he has been guilty of habitual drunkenness and that he has been guilty of the criminal offense of defendant for more than one year and that an order of Court awarding plaintiff the custody of the children of said parties, and unless he appears at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on the third day thereof answer the plaintiff petition.

has against him as confessed. _____ a copy heretofore published according to law in the St. Louis Press-Scimitar, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis, _____ a true copy from the record. _____ of the Circuit Court of St. Louis, this 27th day of April, 1860. _____ of Court. THOS. B. BOGGER Clerk.

[illegible]

plaintain for the space of one year and more immediately preceding the filing of said petition, and since his marriage has committed adultery and been guilty of bigamy; and unless he appear at the terms of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 27th day of April, 1895.

(Seal of Court) THOS. B. RODGERS,
Clerk.

BENTLEY & PEABODY, Attorneys, 510 Olive

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss. In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis. April Term, 1895. Friday, April 26, 1895. John W. Copp vs. 188. June Term, 1895). May Copp. It appearing from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, that her exact whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff, and that the ordinary procedure of law cannot be served upon her on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and

plaintiff's nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce between said parties, on the grounds that defendant has wholly repudiated her duties as the wife of plaintiff, that plaintiff has offered such indignities to him as to render their marriage void, asked plaintiff brother to have sexual intercourse with her, asked plaintiff to have sexual intercourse with her, asked plaintiff to leave her to go to her marital rights; and untimely refused him.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published

the city of St. Louis.
A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit
Court, City of St. Louis, this 27th day of April,
1895.
(Seal of Court) THOS. B. RODGERS,
3538 Clerk.

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis. April term, 1895. Monday, April 15th, 1895. David Wilson Klumpf vs. (118, June term, 1895) Ida Kenton Klumpf.

Now at this day comes plaintiff by attorney and files a petition, duly verified by affidavit, from which it appears that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri; wherefore, on motion of the plaintiff, the court orders that said

defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that defendant, wholly disregarding her duties as the wife of plaintiff, was guilty of such indignities towards

plaintiff as to render his condition inoperable, and that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of one whole year and more next before the filing of this petition herein, and unless she appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

published according to law in the St. Louis Post-
 Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the
 City of St. Louis.
 A true copy from the record.
 Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court,
 City of St. Louis, _____
 _____ THOMAS B. RODGERS,
 JAMES M. LORING, Clerk.
 Attorney for Plaintiff. _____ 3234

disclosure and cannot be served in this State in the manner prescribed by chapter 33, Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1899, therefore on motion of plaintiff's attorney, it is ordered that said non-resident defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree to partition the following described property, to-wit:

parcel of land in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, situated in block number 1,008 of said

and fronting twenty-five (25) feet of the south
side of Market street and the lot width running
outwardly to the south of 132 feet from Canal to
an alley running east and west and being com-
monly known as numbered ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve
(12) of the subdivision made by George R. Taylor, of
be part of lot one (1) of the second series of the
"Chouteau Mill Tract," and of which subdivision
plat is on file in the Recorder's office of the City
of St. Louis in plat book number three (3), page 194,
and the improvements thereon, and if partition in
kind cannot be made without great prejudice to the
owners that the same may be divided and the

their respective interests, and unless they appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of June next, on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

True copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court,
City of St. Louis, this 26th day of April, 1885.
(Seal of Court.) THOS. H. RODGERS,
Clerk.

to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be held at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of June next.

SARAH KRAUSSE,
Executrix of Herman J. Krausse, Deceased.
St. Louis, April 9, 1925. 5250

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is

herely given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Horatio B. Bartlett, deceased, that the undersigned Administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the next Monday, of June next.

WINTHROP BARTLETT..

St. Louis April 27, 1884.

100

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.
CHARLES H. JONES,
Editor and Manager.
Office 518 Olive Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
BY CARRIER, ST. LOUIS AND SUBURBS.
Daily and Sunday—Per Week... 10 Cents
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BY MAIL.
Daily and Sunday—Per Annum... \$5.00
Daily and Sunday—Per Month... \$2.50
Daily and Sunday—Per Month... 45 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Month... \$2.00
Daily and Sunday—Per Month... 20 Cents

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All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
St. Louis, Mo.
TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
Editorial Rooms... 400
Business Office... 401
Eastern Office, 48 Tribune Building, New York.
Chicago office, 48 The Rookery.
S. C. Beckwith, Agent Foreign Advertising.

FORWARD!
THE AVERAGE NET CIRCULATION
OF THE
POST-DISPATCH,
DAILY AND SUNDAY,
DURING THE LAST WEEK OF
APRIL,
79,259
PER DAY.
CIRCULATION BOOKS
And Accounts Open to the Inspection
of Any Advertiser.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.
OLYMPIC—Della Fox.
GRAND—Mme. Helene.
THE HAGAN—James J. Corbett.
HAYKIN'S—Driver Home.
STANDARD—Geo. Dixon.
HOPKINS—Continued show.

THE STATE CONVENTION CALL.
The State Central Committee cannot ignore the resolution of the caucus of Democratic legislators and State officers asking that a convention to take action on the money question be called without ignoring the wishes of nine-tenths of the Democrats of the State.

No one can doubt that this resolution expresses the will of an overwhelming majority of all except a small clique of bankers, Federal office-holders and patronage brokers of the Democratic party. The evidence to this effect is irresistible. The State Central Committee is the agent of the party. Its sole function is to execute the will of the voters. It has no power outside of this function. Its duty, when the will of the party is manifested as it has been manifested in the matter of this convention, is to give effect to that will. If it fails to do this it fails to fulfill the purpose for which it was created.

So completely is the committee the creature of the party that the voters have the right and the power to set it aside and act independently of it at any time. If it appears that the committee is unwilling to respond to the demand for a convention the voters may take the matter in their own hands. The county committees may organize an executive committee for the purpose of calling the convention.

The county committee method is more cumbersome and slow than the issuing of a call by the State Committee and, therefore, no time is to be lost if the convention is to meet by Aug. 1, the date fixed by the caucus. If the State Committee does not act promptly the local committees should begin the work.

A FLAW IN THE LOGIC.
Comptroller Eckels uttered a great truth in his speech at the Detroit Chamber of Commerce when he said, "The commercial world has with unvarying precision drawn the true distinction which exists between the value in the currency and the value in the market of the money metal."

It is apparent to any intelligent man who reads this axiom that Mr. Eckels reasons falsely when he says it follows that every country must adapt its currency to the demands of international commerce or to the wishes of other nations. If "commerce is indifferent to the laws of great nations as well as small" it follows that the money of any country and its currency laws have little or no effect on its international trade.

As a matter of fact international trade is not carried on in the currencies of trading nations, but is pure barter on a commodity basis. When money metal is used in the settlement of balances it is measured by weight and goes for its market value and not by the coin value stamped on its face. It is used only when it is the cheapest medium of exchange; that is to say, when the rate of export is less than the rate of exchange. To have a metal money with a fixed value at the mint of the trading nations merely simplifies the exchange, but offers no real advantage to either.

Mr. Eckels, therefore, promulgates a fallacy, proved so by his own axiom and by experience, when he says no nation can be independent in the matter of currency. The United States, England, Germany and other gold standard countries trade to mutual advantage with countries having every form of currency from gold to inconvertible paper. Mexico's standard is silver monometallism, yet even the gold organs must admit her progress and prosperity and the

anxiety of every gold nation to trade with her.
If there is any form of independence that a nation can assert it is in her money laws and standards, and if we are dependent on other nations for ours we are guilty of committing great folly and greater injustice to the demand of the money power, which wants not the best medium of exchange, but the highest measure of debt value.

The Post-Dispatch frequently has enough advertising to fill to overflowing every column of other St. Louis newspapers, yet it prints this advertising in the best possible shape and also prints the best afternoon newspaper in the United States. It does this by making a paper large enough to include both the news and the advertising, so that the interest of neither reader nor advertiser is sacrificed.

THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.
The popularity of the Sunday Post-Dispatch is proof of its superior excellence and to-morrow's issue will appeal to its readers more strongly than ever. Some of the striking features of the coming edition are set forth elsewhere in an advertisement designed to give a glimpse only of the good things in preparation. The society gossip, both of men and women, is an additional feature in which the Sunday Post-Dispatch never has a rival, and its news features will be as usual without an equal for Sunday newspapers. Those who read the Sunday Post-Dispatch have no need of any other Sunday newspaper, since they find in it all that is most entertaining and instructive in every department of human activity.

THE PEOPLE OR THE LOBBY.
The news from Jefferson City makes it evident that the lobby has captured the enlarged Labor and Railroad committees of the Senate and that a railroad fellow servant bill will not be reported to that body by either of them.

But the surrender of the committee to the lobby will not settle the question of fellow servant legislation. The contest will be fought out on the floor of the Senate. Every member of the Senate will be forced to place himself on record as for or against a railroad fellow servant law.

In this contest the people will not be deceived by any buncombe about a "general" fellow servant bill. Every Senator who supports the general fellow servant bill will be put down as an enemy of the people's cause. There can be no evasion of the square issue between the people and the lobby.

RAILROAD PROPERTY IN MISSOURI.
The report of the State Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners for 1893 contains a statement that "in the opinion of the Board the cost of railroad properties in Missouri may be fairly estimated at \$45,000 per mile, as an average, including terminal properties, buildings and equipment," and that "on this basis the cost of the railroads of Missouri for 1893 would be \$288,150,000."

The State Board of Equalization last year estimated the value of Missouri railroad property for taxable purposes at \$66,865,411.51, being just \$222,314,589 less than the value placed upon it by the Railroad Commissioners.

In other words, the Railroad Commissioners, from reports made to that department by the railroads themselves, valued the railroad properties at \$45,000 a mile, while the Board of Equalization assessed these properties at \$10,755 a mile, or less than 25 per cent of their actual value. Including roadbed, superstructure, rolling stock, buildings on right of way and bridges, the total assessment was only \$69,365,000, or \$11,157 a mile, or 25 per cent of their actual value.

Does Gov. Stone or any other member of the State Board of Equalization, or any farmer, merchant or other property owner consider 25 per cent a fair assessment of the railroad property of this State?

Is it fair as compared with the valuation of other property—which the Governor himself says is "assessed at about one-third its actual value?"

The law declares that all property shall be assessed at its actual money value. Why, then, does the Governor escape at one-fourth or 25 per cent?

Moreover it is known that the railroad earnings in this State amount to 11 per cent on their assessed valuation. Do the farmers make 11 per cent on their investments in land and labor? Do the stockmen, the fruit raisers, the cattle herders make 11 per cent?

Call off that lobby!

FOREIGN FINANCIERS AND AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE.
The question to be determined in the next national election is of our status as an independent and self-governing people entitled to administer justice among ourselves regardless of the fact that outsiders will profit by the perpetuation of injustice.

The great English bankers whose allies in this country are the power behind the Wall street press, wish their relations with the United States to be adjusted on exactly the same basis as their relations with India. They are determined that financially our people shall occupy the same attitude towards them that the subjugated Hindoos do—that we shall be absolutely dependent on their views of justice and injustice without appeal.

the seal of their sovereignty and expressing their undivided supremacy, every dollar that circulates is a token of their subjugation. If they yield the power of issuing or controlling the circulation of money here in America to English financiers or to their American agents and accomplices, they yield the right to be free, and it will be impossible that they can remain free or prosperous.

The world is not governed by statute law, but by the operation of such higher laws as those of trade economy, and if we surrender the administration of these to foreigners, neither constitutions nor congresses, nor navies, nor armies can prevent us from becoming their serfs.

Mr. Fred Lehman of the Wabash, who was invited to appear before the Labor Committee of the Senate to represent the railroad side of the fellow servant bill, acted wisely in staying away. His absence accentuated the fact that the Missouri Pacific stands alone in employing a lobby to control the Legislature. But a passive attitude of non-interference is not sufficient. The interests of all the railroads are threatened by the Missouri Pacific's lobby. They should enforce a demand on the Missouri Pacific that it call off its lobby and cease to prejudice the good reputation and interests of the other roads.

The ambition of Senators Lyman, Goodkinds, Harrison and Orchard is to be known as Filley's me-too's. Regularly every ballot since the extra session they have voted against the Democrats and with the Filley Republicans. Should either of them ever stand for public office again it will be the plain duty of Democrats to vote against him and with the Republicans. A straight Republican is far better than a renegade Democrat.

The Democrats of the Tennessee Legislature are doing their best to make Tennessee a sure Republican State next year. The decent Democrats of that State will not allow themselves to be placed in the position of being parties to a fraudulent count which seats in the Governor's chair a candidate who was defeated at the polls.

Secretary Morton must be more or less disgusted that Comptroller Eckels should be sent off to Detroit to sound a "keynote" when the head of the Agricultural Department has been so recently ordered to keep a closed mouth. No doubt Mr. Morton feels for the moment like going out and planting himself.

The spectacle of a lot of medical experts testifying for pay on both sides of a case, which is presented by the Duestrow trial at Union, is a travesty on justice and a disgrace to the administration of criminal law. The judge and jury should throw all the expert evidence out and decide the case on the general evidence.

The Philadelphia Record says the "daddy" preferred a gold dollar. If they did they had one of the most inconvenient coins ever made. The silver dollar may be large, but the gold dollar cannot at any time be kept in circulation. It is a mean little nuisance, unworthy the name of coin.

If hides were not on the free list, there is no telling to what heights the prices of leather would soar. Every wearer of shoes who has to earn the money to buy them has reason to be thankful that hides are not McKinleyed beyond the work of the Leather Trust.

The distribution of free railroad passes has become so large that the crime of forging a pass seems especially wicked. Everybody, however, cannot be a public official, and the yearning for free rides cannot be confined to official bosoms.

Cutting off free drinks from the police and free passes from legislators seems, no doubt, like a great hardship, but the respect and confidence of the public is really better worth having than either free drinks or free passes.

President Ingalls of the Big Four says he has not heard that the Terminal Association is making any money. It is a well-known fact that the Terminal's victims are not drawing any wealth from that organization.

After Gen. Miles' tremendous campaign at Chicago it does not seem credible that he is to be turned down for Gen. Ruger. Does the President suppose that Ruger's caissons are less liable to explosion than Miles'?

Hoke Smith will do well if he can even keep the Federal office-holders of Georgia in line with the President while the financial problem is discussed.

Every patriotic American trusts that the South American Republics will get mad enough at John Bull to give us the trade they have been giving Mr. Bull.

As Japan finds it so easy to overrun Chinese territory it seems hardly worth while for her to insist on holding north what she may at any time seize.

The court did well to rule out Pythagoras in the Duestrow case. With our modern experts at hand, why should we disturb poor old Pyth?

Spain's experiment of subduing the Cubans on paper is no new one. At the close of hostilities we shall see how far it has succeeded.

The receipts of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch and those of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch office were both largely increased in April.

Coin seems to be getting a much larger audience than those who have tried to answer him.

Filley's me-too's—Lyman, Goodkinds, Harrison and Orchard.

The Cheapest and Best.
The Post-Dispatch is standing by the people. The people should stand by the Post-Dispatch. It's the cheapest and best.

Strange Bedfellows.
From the North Arkansas News.
"Politics make strange bedfellows." Just now the St. Louis Globe-Democrat (Rep.) and St. Louis Republic (Dem.) are cozily tucked up under a "sound money" blanket, chanting in chorus lullabies taught them by British financiers.

WELL-KNOWN ST. LOUISANS.



F. W. Mott.

Frederick W. Mott is a St. Louisan to whom South St. Louisans are deeply indebted as one of the most energetic factors in the growth of that part of the city. Mr. Mott was born in New York City in 1849, but came West when he was 5 years of age. His father died when he was 16 and he then came to St. Louis, and after graduating from the public schools, he went to work as messenger boy for an insurance company. Step by step he advanced until he was made Secretary of the company, which was one of the largest in the country. In 1878 he was elected to the State Legislature. Mr. Mott was the originator of the scheme to connect Carondelet with the business part of the city and the Southern Railway Co., running from Sixth and Market streets to South St. Louis. In 1882 he again entered public life and was elected a member of the City Council and was for four years, Collector of Water Rates.

MEN OF MARK.

Mr. Chamberlain, the well-known British statesman, never wears slippers.

Septimus Winner says that his song, "Listen to the Mocking Bird," is forty years old.

Comptroller Eckels is reported to have declined the Presidency of three New York banks.

The chemist Bunsen, famed for his discoveries in spectroscopic analysis and his discovery of caesium, entered on his 61st year on March 3.

Lieut. Louis M. Stoddard, who was an officer on board the Monitor at the time of her historic fight with the Merrimack, is a well preserved man of about 55 years.

Emperor William has promised a gift of \$2,500 and a site for the proposed monument to Helmholtz in Berlin, for which contributions are now being solicited in all countries.

Capt. Dreyfus, the French officer who was disgraced, disgraced and sent to penal servitude, is on Devil's Island, in the Cayenne colony, but is cooped up in an inclosure, which, while allowing room for exercise, is a living grave.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

Florence Nightingale will be 75 years old on May 12.

The Queen of Saxony (who was the Princess Vasa, once wooed by Napoleon III.) has a homely and housewifely taste.

One of Ella Wheeler Wilcox's publishers has sent her nearly \$1,400 in royalties from the sale of his edition of her books during the last six months.

Queen Victoria knows what it is to eat juicy American apples. Every year a lot of the choicest pickled fruit is sent to her from Albemarle County, Va.

Marie Corelli is of Italian birth and an adopted child of Dr. Charles Mackay, the author, consequently she is the sister of W. S. Eric Mackay, the poet.

No woman has ever entered the monastery of St. Honorat, which is located on an island near Cannes, France. The monastery was established 140 years ago.

There are two royal ladies in Europe besides Queen Victoria who enjoy themselves with authorship. These are the Queen of Rumania, best known by her nom de plume of Carmen Sylva, and the Grand Duchess Sergius of Russia, who is reported to be the person concealed behind the mysterious cognomen of Ary Edellaw.

TRIPLES LIGHT AS AIR.

Between love and duty—the man who smuggles his wife's Parisian goods across.—The Great Divide.

Nature makes few mistakes, but somehow it seems as if she might have been built with fewer bones.—New Haven Palladium.

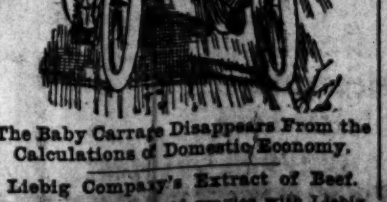
Nell: "I wonder why May adores young Looper so?" Belle: "I suppose it's natural to adore an idol fellow."—Philadelphia Record.

An Eastern Texas deacon whipped his eldest son, who came home from college and called the old man's church a hook and ladder company.—Galveston News.

Since the bicycle has been adopted in military tactics every puff of air to fill the pneumatic tires has been theoretically a blow at the enemy.—Philadelphia Times.

Layman: "Put in a call for me at 5 o'clock to-morrow morning." Hotel Clerk: "That's pretty early." Layman: "I know, but I've got to be down stairs to keep an engagement at 11."—Chicago Record.

HAS HAD ITS DAY.



The Baby Carriage Disappears From the Calculations of Domestic Economy.
Liebig Company's Extract of Beef.
Flavor your soup and gravies with Liebig.

ARREST OF FUENTE.

He Represents the World and Will Have a Fair Trial.
Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.
(Copyright 1895 by the Press Pub. Co.)

SANTIAGO, Cuba, May 4.—Senor Fuente, whose arrest at Guantanamo was reported by cable Thursday, is charged with furnishing horses to insurgents and with publicly declaring that he was going to the United States to fight for the Cuban revolution. The military authorities at Guantanamo, for a full report upon Senor Fuente's case, Senor Fuente will not be harmed in prison.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, May 4.—Mr. Fuente is a representative of the World. The assertion made by the Spanish officials that his conduct was such that the newspaper he represented would not attempt to protect him is without foundation. Mr. Fuente carried with him regular credentials from this paper, and is entitled to full protection as an American citizen as well as a representative of the press. Steps will be taken immediately to secure for him a speedy and fair trial, and the release which must follow it.

PALMA FOR PRESIDENT.

A Cuban Who Lives in New Jersey Is Selected by the Insurgents.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Senor Thomas Serrada Palma, who, in 1875, assumed the provisional Presidency of Cuba, has been proclaimed President of the hypothetical Republic by the Cuban revolutionists, who have selected some kind of a government in Palanca. Senor Palma, who lives at Central Valley, N. J., says the revolution is the continuation of the last war when he was chosen President and he supposed the Cubans wanted him to continue in that position. If the Republic is proclaimed he would confer in a week or two with Senor Jose Marti, the diplomatic representative of the revolutionists, who was coming to the United States to ask this country to recognize the independence of the Cubans. Palma will go to Cuba.

MONROE DOCTRINE PAMPHLET.

The Administration's Way of Defending Itself.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 4.—The State Department has ascertained that there is a great deal of interest in the United States in the Monroe doctrine.

The administration has sharply criticized, and the newspapers, as well as the legislators of many States, declared that the doctrine of the Monroe doctrine should be floated, and allowed to be utterly disregarded without protest from the United States.

Even this did not bring out any explanation of just what the Government had done or why it believed the Monroe doctrine did not apply in the case of the British landing on the island of Cuba. The administration has a peculiar method of throwing light upon the situation as viewed by the administration and the reasons why it should be the policy of non-interference. It was decided to print extracts from the Monroe doctrine in pamphlet form, and to distribute them to the public.

The pamphlet bore the heading: "Extracts from the Seventh Annual Message of James Monroe, President of the United States, Dated December 2, 1823. State Papers, first session Eighteenth Congress."

There was a demand for the pamphlet. The message given, but not one word explaining that its spirit had not been violated by the European power, but that it was a guarantee of personal liberty, universal care for the rights of all, nonsectional, and that the Monroe doctrine was a principle of American citizenship in any part of our land, we should study the effects upon our country of the Monroe doctrine, and that they will be permitted to see the pamphlet.

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MOSQUITO RESERVATION.

Nicaragua Has Now Incorporated It as a State.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 4.—The Nicaraguan Government has recently done away with the Mosquito reservation, which has been the cause of much recent trouble, and has incorporated it as a State of Nicaragua, with the name of the Department of Zelaya, named after the President of the republic. This action has been officially communicated to the State Department.

The significance of the movement has attracted little attention, but it is regarded by officials here as a great triumph. The action is turning their attention to what Great Britain has done toward Nicaragua's course in creating the new State, and has indirectly terminating the old Mosquito country.

The new State extends along almost the entire coast line of Nicaragua. The southern portion is near Greytown, the eastern terminus of the Nicaraguan Government, and not to the Mosquito authorities. The return of Hatch was one of the terms stipulated on by Great Britain.

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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

INQUIRY—The cheap rate made for Endeavor conventions is based on the great amount of guaranteed traffic.

INQUIRY—The Daughters of the Revolution is a social organization composed of the descendants of soldiers of the revolutionary war.

SELDOM INQUISITIVE—Mr. Conway of Pennsylvania, who was reported to have joined Chauncy O'cott's company, has not left the ministry.

TELEPHONE—Masons deny that women have ever joined the Order. Leo T. and Dr. Bataille, exponents of Masonic science, allege the contrary.

JOSE RIVERA—Cruel first. Ethel Gray second and St. Joe third, was the way they finished in the last race on the card the day Morley won the Club Members' handicap.

DOROTHY—Send invitations to each of the grown children. The caterer will give ideas on prices on the wedding supper. The bride party go to the dining room.

SUBS—Any public address can be published without the consent of the speaker. If the speaker copyrights his address it cannot be privately circulated without his permission.

FILLEY—There is no veterinary college in St. Louis. The Missouri Equine Bureau Association will hold its convention Saturday, May 11, in the Second Baptist Church. There are several working women's associations in St. Louis.

CONSTANT READER—There are forty-five States in the Union. The territories are New Mexico, Arizona, Alaska, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and the District of Columbia. Bills have passed the House of Representatives for the admission of New Mexico and Oklahoma.

The Inevitable.

I like the man who faces what he must with step triumphant and a heart of cheer.
Who fights the daily battles without fear.
Who keeps his hopes and keeps his faith.
That God is God; that somehow, true and just.
His plans work out for mortals; not a tear is shed.
His world is better, with the world holds dear.
Falls from his grasp; better, with love a curse.
Than living in dishonor; envies not.
Nor loses faith in man; but does his best.
Nor ever mourns at his humbler lot.
But, with a smile and words of hope, gives rest.
To every toiler, he alone is great.
Who by a life heroic conquers fate.

"AMERICAN OSCAR WILDE"

Rev. Davis, Will No Longer Cling to the Appellation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 4.—The downfall of Oscar Wilde has been a serious blow to the Rev. Kadir Edwards Davis, pastor of the Central Christian Church of Oakland.

For a week or more he has been almost frantically busy calling in advertising lithographs scattered throughout California, announcing that "Rev. Kadir Edwards Davis, popularly known as the 'American Oscar Wilde,' would appear at a certain date and deliver a lecture. It is a ticklish time for the aesthetic clergyman. He no longer wears a surplice and is struggling with the temptation to cut his long hair. He has had new plates prepared for his display lithographs and hereafter he will be proclaimed merely as 'The Versatile Gentleman.'"

"Rev. Mr. Davis is the gentleman who gave an impersonation of Richard III. in the pulpit, and before the criticism of his introduction of the dramatic to emphasize his sermon had spent itself, danced through a sermon to illustrate the harmlessness of the walls.

CLEVELAND TO STONE.

The President Writes Confidentially About "This Silver Aberration."

JACKSON, Miss., May 4.—The following letter addressed to Gov. Stone by President Cleveland has been given out here for publication:

Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., April 26, 1895.—Hon. John M. Stone, Governor, etc.: Dear Sir—Your letter of the 21st instant, in which you request me to find fault with your criticisms, but I think the matter you refer to should be judged in the light of the circumstances existing at the time the things were done. I never had an idea of building up or fostering a personal feud, but so far as politics should properly influence me in making appointments, I have tried to be Democratic. I have not about to admit your participation in bringing about a condition of affairs which may not be all that could now be desired. Whether these appointments to place shall, in speech and action, behave decently towards the Administration under which they hold office must remain, to a large extent, a matter of taste and conscience. I have never been, however, some officials who devote themselves so industriously to vilification and abuse of the President, and I have never been so as to indicate that their fidelity can not be trusted for the performance of their duties in a manner becoming to the Administration and who apparently assume they may spend the time they owe the public service in doing political work. The interest of good government such officials should not be surprised if they are summarily discharged.

"When I received your letter I had just finished reading a paper in which you explain to the citizens of Mississippi your views on the currency question. It seems to me that you have contributed in the best possible style and in a most valuable way to the fund of argument in the currency controversy. I have ceased to wonder why the people of the South, furnishing so largely, as they do, the Democratic vote, should be so willing to submit to the disadvantages and losses of silver monometallism, and to the consequent depreciation of their property, and to the fluctuations of currency while permitting others to reap a profit from the transmutation of the dollar under the influence of the silver law. I hope this letter of yours will be given the widest possible circulation, especially among the Southern citizens, and that they will be permitted to see the pamphlet which I have just received from the State Department.

Unlimited and independent silver coinage, and the maintenance of the Democratic party, are sincere in our devotion to its principles, and if we are right in believing that the currency question is a question of personal liberty, universal care for the rights of all, nonsectional, and that the Monroe doctrine is a principle of American citizenship in any part of our land, we should study the effects upon our country of the Monroe doctrine, and that they will be permitted to see the pamphlet.

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FULTON GORDON'S CASE.

Owing to His Nervousness It Is Postponed to Tuesday.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 4.—The case of Fulton Gordon, charged with the murder of John Neill, Gordon, and Archibald Brown, son of Gov. Brown, in a room on Madison street, was postponed to Tuesday next Tuesday on account of the defendant's health, he

JOE FREDE KNOCKED OUT.

Joe Frede Was Given His Quietest by Dixon.

DID NOT LAST ONE ROUND.

The Negro Featherweight Had Fun With the Amateur Lightweight Champion.

Joe Frede's star of ascendancy collapsed with a dull thud at the Standard Theater last night, when he undertook to stay four rounds with the world's champion featherweight, George Dixon, and was put out in exactly two minutes and one quarter of a second.

Dixon offers \$50 to any boxer weighing 120 pounds or under who can stay four rounds with him. Five-ounce gloves are used in the bout, and although they look big and soft, Frede will no doubt bear witness to the fact that Dixon punches as hard with them as a mule can kick. Frede did not last long enough before Dixon to stop many of them, but what he got enough to stop him, and it is exceedingly probable that whatever ambition he ever had to shine as a professional pugilist has left him entirely.

He weighed 137 pounds last night, but in view of the fact that an immense audience of his friends had gathered to see his effort before Dixon, the latter's manager obligingly consented to waive all objections to the extra seven pounds and let the bout proceed. O'Rourke said that it was giving Frede seventeen pounds the best of it.



JOE FREDE.

which meant that Dixon weighed 120 pounds, but the little darky looked at least five pounds heavier. Frede went into the ring with a confident air about him, but the expression on his face soon changed after Dixon crowded matters with him. The little darky's speed, hitting power, and wonderful cleverness smothered him completely and he went to pieces and lost his head entirely when Dixon commenced to circle around him like a copper dog while finishing up a new barrel.

Early in the contest Frede slipped and went down while trying to avoid his clever opponent. He took his time about getting up, but Dixon made him go down again in a hurry, duplicating the trick several times before Frede was finally stretched on his back and counted out. Dixon's left did all the damage. He showed it into Frede's with the butt of his hand, and Frede's head was thrown back and he fell on his back and counted out. Dixon's left did all the damage. He showed it into Frede's with the butt of his hand, and Frede's head was thrown back and he fell on his back and counted out.

KENTUCKY DERBY.

The Blue Grass State's Classic Event to Be Run on Monday.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 4.—Halma, Galon O'or and Potsdam arrived yesterday and all of the Kentucky derby starters are now ready for the battle on Monday. There will be six horses going to the post. The other three are Basco, Curator and Laureate. A fortnight ago, it looked like a walkover for Laureate with two great victories to his credit. Then came the defeat following the victory of Halma and the track scoring work of Basco and Curator. The walkover was a surprise, and the Kentucky Derby developed into what promises to be the best contest of that classic event in ten years. Halma will be the favorite because of his two recent victories, but Laureate will be close at his heels in the betting, followed by Basco and Curator in the order named. Potsdam, Galon O'or have few followers, although the stable has high opinion of the former. It will be witnessed by the greatest crowd ever assembled on a Kentucky track. All the railroads will run excursion fares to the track, and the city has been booked from Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, Lexington and other points. There are over 200 horses at the track, embracing all the western dracks and the flower of the 3 and 4-year-olds. Entries for Monday's races will close at the track 5 o'clock this afternoon.

South Side Entries.

First race, one-half mile.	Second race, one-half mile.	Third race, one-half mile.	Fourth race, one-half mile.	Fifth race, one-half mile.	Sixth race, one-half mile.	Seventh race, one-half mile.	Eighth race, one-half mile.	Ninth race, one-half mile.	Tenth race, one-half mile.
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Results at the Tracks.

EAST ST. LOUIS.—First race: Lillian first, Blum second, Duckydoo third, Boule second, Haveland third. Second race: Lillian first, Boule second, Duckydoo third, Emperor third, King David third. Fourth race: Kenwood first, Mr. Dunlap second, Bill At first, Conductor McSweney second, Hercules third. ST. ARAB.—The winners: Faldin, Fifth race: On No first, Conductor McSweney second, Hercules third. ST. ARAB.—The winners: Faldin, Fifth race: On No first, Conductor McSweney second, Hercules third. ST. ARAB.—The winners: Faldin, Fifth race: On No first, Conductor McSweney second, Hercules third.

Joe Charn, Florence P. Imp. Aspen, SOUTH SIDE.—The winners: Rally, Daniel Deronda, Ed Lahay, Somerset.

Track Talk.

Gus Strauss' ally Amanda won the La Belle Stakes, worth \$2,000, for 3-year-olds at Lexington Friday. Barney Schriber's Harry Lewis, with Hirsch in the saddle, won at 2 1/2 in San Francisco Friday. Byron McClelland's Halma is expected to be the post favorite for the Louisville Derby, run at Churchill Downs Monday. Master Turberville put up a particularly raw ride on the 4 to 5 favorite Mr. Dunlap at East St. Louis Friday. Jack Richlieu and Braw Scott, Barney Strauss' breadwinners at San Francisco, will be turned out for a long rest at Woodlands.

Miss Logan won the 3-year-old race at Roby Friday. She belongs to Ed Trotter and comes from East St. Louis. Chief Justice is now running among the outlaws at Alexander Island. He used to be a good race horse. Smith, the owner of the Kendall Stable, is plunging at Hawthorne these days. His own horses are at the Fair Grounds.

Secretary Gwynn expects to have the program for the 1895-96 season at the Fair Grounds ready for distribution to-day. Jockey Nacey was suspended indefinitely by the St. Louis Jockey Club for his reckless tactics of Summertime in the fourth race Friday.

Confederate, who won the Expectation stakes at Brookline, is expected to break down and had to be shot at East St. Louis Friday. He was a 5-year-old gelding by Tyrant and Bettie and was in George Reed's string.

Conroy's promising lightweight jockey, Hyrie, has been indefinitely suspended by the St. Louis Jockey Club for his reckless tactics of Summertime in the fourth race Friday. He was a 5-year-old gelding by Tyrant and Bettie and was in George Reed's string.

CHAMBERLAIN GLAD.

The Ex-Cincinnati Player Joyful at His Release From the Reds.

Elit Chamberlain, late of the Cincinnati, expressed himself as truly overjoyed at his release from the Reds. In an interview he said: "I am giving it to you straight that I never felt better in my life, and have taken off 15 pounds. Nothing ever pleased me better than my release from the Cincinnati, and if ever I played ball in my life I'll play it this year. Some people may have their own ideas, but I'll tell you really that I was sick in my stomach, coupled with the rank water atmosphere, that kept me down. But I'll tell you once more, this is going to be my baseball year, and no mistake. I feel out of sight."

Yesterday's Games.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 8; New York, 4; Batteries: McGill and Buckley; Herman, Farrell and Schriever. Base hits—Philadelphia, 10; New York, 4. Errors—Philadelphia, 4; New York, 1. At Boston—Boston, 27; Washington, 11. Batteries: Sullivan, Cline and Mahoney; Warner, Mercer, Anderson and Mahoney. Base hits—Boston, 10; Washington, 8. Errors—Boston, 2; Washington, 1.

How They Stand.

Clubs.	Games Played.	Won.	Lost.	Percentage.
Pittsburgh	11	7	4	.636
Cleveland	11	7	4	.636
Boston	11	7	4	.636
New York	11	7	4	.636
Chicago	11	7	4	.636
Baltimore	11	7	4	.636
Washington	11	7	4	.636
Philadelphia	11	7	4	.636
St. Louis	11	7	4	.636

Game at Sportsman's Park.

The Belleville Clerks and the Shamrocks will occupy Sportsman's Park diamond Sunday afternoon, and the Illinois club, which gave the Browns such a good fight, will be at the bat. The game is expected to be an amateur class and good sport may be looked for.

Base Ball Notes.

Jack Beckley has been appointed captain of the Pittsburghs. "Parnon" Nicholson will not last long with Washington. He made five errors in yesterday's game. With a goal like Dick Buckley behind him to steady him, Willie McGill can pitch winning ball. The worst game of the season in the National League. Beckley and Donovan must be squelched.

San Francisco, Cal., May 4.—C. F. Jones, a California pioneer of 1849, a miner in the early days in the Yuba River, and for forty-five years a resident of this city, died last Wednesday. Jones, who was 75 years old, was drawn to serve on a jury yesterday, and finding this service congenial became a professional juror, continuing on duty for several seconds. At that instant the little one cooed at her mother. "So," said the man slowly, "I would not be excused."

An Indication of Prosperity.

As well as an indication of thrift is the possession of a safe in the vaults of the Missouri Safe Deposit Company, in the Equitable Building. The safest place in the West for the keeping of securities, silverware and other articles of value.

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Flagler's Proposed Hotel.

Special to The Post-Dispatch. PALM BEACH, Fla., May 4.—Henry M. Flagler, the Standard Oil Company millionaire, has arranged to build a large hotel here this summer, which will accommodate 300 people.

George W. Allen's Appointment.

Mr. George W. Allen, formerly of the Southern Hotel, has been appointed general sales agent of the Missouri and Illinois Coal Company. General offices in the Rialto building, corner Fourth and Olive sts.

SUNDAY CLUB RUNS.

Where the Local Cycling Clubs Will Spend the Day.

Runs Sunday: Cycling Club to Bulltown via the Lema Ferry road, starting at 9 a. m.; South Side, to Upper Creve Coeur Lake, at 9:30 a. m.; Pastimes, to Fenton via Kirkwood, at 10 a. m.; Veterans, to Columbia, Ill., via Davis street ferry, at 9:30 a. m.; Century Club, to St. Charles, at 9:30 a. m.; Carondelet, to Montezano via Telegraph road, starting from 703 Broadway, at 9:30 a. m.; The T. M. C. C. Cycle Club ran to Clayton last night for supper.

GEN. RUGER IN FAVOR.

Growing Belief That He and Not Gen. Miles May Command the Army.

Special to The Post-Dispatch. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 4.—Gossips in the War Department find plenty to say over Maj.-Gen. Thomas H. Ruger's new assignment. "The Man Who Talks Once" was the name given to Gen. Ruger by the Crow Indians in the Swordbearer campaign, in 1887. The campaign itself made a deep impression on President Cleveland, so it is said, and of Ruger's determination and straightforwardness.

There is an undercurrent of feeling that Gen. Miles may not come to Washington as the successor to Lieut.-Gen. Schofield, and that Gen. Ruger may command the army in effect, if not in name. Gen. Miles was once supposed to have made some remarks, criticizing the President for the disposition of troops during the strike in Chicago last summer, and, although the offensive criticism was at once denied, it seems to be a fact that Gen. Miles is not so popular at the White House as the "Man Who Talks Once."

In view of the fact that the new drill regulations, which Gen. Ruger is supposed to be detailed to revise, could be handled as well at Governor's Hotel in Chicago as anywhere else, the opinion is growing rapidly that Ruger is the coming man.

A Popular Brokerage Concern.

The firm of Carleton & McKean now occupy and are transacting business as brokers in stocks, bonds, grain, provisions and cotton at the old familiar quarters, 236 North Third street. These will be removed favorably to connection with John R. Mulford, deceased, and the St. John Commission Co., with both of which concerns Mr. McKean was connected. They have prompt and reliable service over private wires. Charges as commission, 1/4 on stocks and 1/16 on grain and all interest charges waived.

SOULTUBE COMPETITION.

National Society's Prize for a New Silver Dollar Design. Special to The Post-Dispatch. NEW YORK, May 4.—Twenty-eight sculptors have entered thirty designs in the National Sculpture Society's competition for a new design for the United States silver dollar.

The designs, which are in plaster, six inches in diameter, are being placed in one of the rooms of the Art Association building, where they will form part of the sculptors' South American exhibition, which opens on next Tuesday, June 1, 1895. The Sculpture Society announced that it would award a medal of \$100 and of \$200, to be awarded by a jury from the society. The decision will be made sometime next week, and if the design is considered of sufficient excellence the society will urge its adoption by the National Government.

Boston Christian Endeavor Convention

The St. Louis Endeavor Union has arranged for a special train over the Washburn route, via Niagara Falls, to Boston, with the privilege of returning by the way of New York and Washington. The cost of the ticket, including meals, sleeper and six days' room rent, will be \$32.50. For circular giving full information, address W. H. McClain, 1404 Lucas place, St. Louis, Mo.

TOUCHED THE JUBOR.

The Cooling of a Baby Leads to His Rejection.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 4.—The cooling of a baby in its mother's arms resulted in a juror being rejected in the case against Louisa Worthington for the murder of Elizabeth Jones. "If you were certain that Mrs. Worthington committed the murder, would you verify in your testimony that it was the death for her?" Juror Talsman was asked. The juror looked at Mrs. Worthington and her baby for several seconds. At that instant the little one cooed at her mother. "So," said the man slowly, "I would not be excused."

He was excused.

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Facial Humors.

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DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY.

FOR MEDICINAL USE NO FUSEL OIL.

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